

AC WEBINAR - CEFIA FLAGSHIP

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About

Established in January 1999, ASEAN Centre for Energy (ACE) is an **intergovernmental organization** within ASEAN structure that **represents the 10 ASEAN Member States**' interests in the energy sector.

What We Do?

Catalyst

practices.

building.



Unify and strengthen ASEAN energy cooperation by providing a platform for sharing, policy advisory, best

and

capacity

Knowledge Hub



ProvideaknowledgerepositoryforASEANMemberStates(AMS) andservicesthroughdatamanagement,publication,and dissemination.

Think Tank



Assist AMS on **research** and identifying practical and specific solution on policies, legal, and regulatory frameworks, technologies, and innovative solutions.

ASEAN Plan of Action for Energy Cooperation (APAEC)





- Enhancing Energy Connectivity and Market Integration in ASEAN to Achieve Energy Security, Accessibility, Affordability and Sustainability for All
- Accelerating Energy Transition and Strengthening Energy Resilience Through Greater Innovation and Cooperation

APAEC Programme Areas

SASEAN Power Grid

) Trans-ASEAN Gas Pipeline

- Coal and Clean Coal Technology
- Energy Efficiency and Conservation
- (D) Renewable Energy
- Regional Energy Policy and Planning
- Civilian Nuclear Energy

Outcome-Based Strategies

- <u>OBS1</u>: Expand, Harmonise, and Promote EE S&L (Energy Efficiency Standards & Labeling)
- OBS2 : Enhance Participation of Private Sector, Financial Institutions, and Clusters
- <u>OBS3</u>: Strengthen Energy Efficiency in Building
- **OBS4** : Pursue Energy Efficiency in Transport
- **OBS5** : Advance Energy Efficiency in Industry

To **reduce energy intensity** by 32% by 2025 and encourage EE&C efforts, especially in transport and industry

Share of Residential Appliances in 2050

By ASEAN Countries





By Types of Appliances (across scenarios)

> ACs are projected to be **one of the largest energy consumers** in the residential sector by 2050

To mitigate this high energy consumption, increasing the penetration of efficient air conditioning units by 60% to 100% by 2050 is suggested

AC Energy Demand and Savings Potential in ASEAN





- AC units in ASEAN are estimated to reach 300 million by 2040
- Energy efficient AC could save 144 TWh of electricity consumption and save 101 million tones of CO₂ emissions annually in ASEAN by 2040

Market Shares of Fixed Speed and Inverter Room AC in ASEAN



Inverter ACs have gained significant market share with over 50% of models in most countries, except Indonesia and Myanmar.

Inverter AC is more efficient than fixed speed AC, because Inverter AC uses a compressor controlled with a variable speed drive (VSD), which operates at partload more frequently and delivers precise cooling as required.

Source: ACE, 2021

ASEAN Harmonisation of MEPS for Air Conditioners



Objective:

To remove trade barriers amongst ASEAN Countries and maintain a single production base for appliances.

To curb the sale of unregulated products in all ASEAN countries.



ACE and ASEAN EE&C-SSN FPs has initiated the harmonization of S&L in ASEAN region for AC and lighting

ASEAN Regional Roadmap for EE Harmonization

- Harmonization of Testing Methods
- Harmonization of Evaluation Methods
- Harmonization of MEPS
- Testing Infrastructure
- Inclusion of Energy testing into existing Mutual recognition Agreement(MRA)
- Reporting : development of a common product database for all ASEAN member States



ASEAN Roadmap towards Sustainable and Energy-Efficient Space Cooling in ASEAN Summary of Policy Measures





AC MEPS Level Status in ASEAN

| Country | Cooling Capacity (CC) | MEPS | Year | Metrics |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|---------|
| Brunei Darussalam | CC < 7.1 Kw | 2.9 | 2021 | СОР |
| Cambodia | lia | | | |
| Indonesia | CC ≤ 7.9 kW | 3.4 | 2023 | CSPF |
| Thailand | CC ≤ 8 kW, 8 kW < CC < 12 kW | New drafts: 3.19 (W), 3.19 (FS), 3.90 (VS), 3.15 (W), 3.15 (FS), 3.46 (VS) | Draft 2021 | CSPF |
| Lao PDR* | CC ≤ 3.52 kW 3.52 kW < CC ≤ 8 kW 8 kW < CC ≤ 12 kW | 3.08 (FS), 3.4 (VS), 3.03 (FS), 3.3 (VS), 2.97 (FS), 3.2 (VS) | 2022 | CSPF |
| CC < 4.5 kW Viet Nam 4.5 kW ≤ CC < 7 kW | | 3.10 3.00 2.80 | In force since 2017 | CSPF |

Source: ACE, 2021

| Country | Cooling Capacity (CC) | MEPS | Year | Metrics |
|-------------|--|---|---|--------------------|
| Malaysia | CC < 4.5 kW 4.5 kW ≤ CC ≤ 7.1 Kw | 3,10 2,9 | 2018 | CSPF |
| Myanmar | CC ≤ 5.5 kW, 5.5 kW < CC < 12 kW | 3,08 2,89 (none) | Voluntary in 2022, Mandatory in 2023 | CSPF |
| Philippines | CC < 3.33 kW, 3.33 kW ≤ CC < 10 kW, 10 kW ≤ CC < 14 kW | 3,08 2,81 (none) | 2019 | CSPF |
| Singapore | Up to 17.6 kW | CSPF 6.1 (Inverter) CSPF 6.86 (Non- Inverter) | 2023 | EER EER WEER |



Status of ASEAN EE Standards & Labeling on AC



| Country | ISO:5151-2010 AC Test Standard | ISO:16358-1 AC Evaluation Standard | Labelling | M&V |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Brunei Darussalam | Adopted | | Mandatory | |
| Cambodia | | | Planning | |
| Indonesia | Adopted | Adopted | Mandatory | Registration and periodic market surveillance |
| Lao PDR | Adopted | Adopted | Planning | |
| Malaysia | Adopted | Adopted | Voluntary | Consignment test and periodic market surveillance |
| Myanmar | Planning | Planning | Planning | Five-year periodic market surveillance |
| Philippines | Adopted | Adopted | Mandatory | Periodic market surveillance |
| Singapore | Adopted | Adopted | Mandatory | Registration and Periodic market surveillance |
| Thailand | Adopted | Adopted | M: MEPS V : HEPS | Yearly market surveillance and verification |
| Vietnam | Adopted | Adopted | Mandatory | Yearly market surveillance and verification |

Source: ACE and IEA, 2022

Way Forwards: Update ASEAN Regional Policy Roadmap





The current ASEAN regional MEPS for RACs adopted ISO CSPF of 3.08 in 2020 for models below 3.52 kW cooling capacity Updated ASEAN Regional Policy roadmap (2022-2025) towards: • Step 1: ISO CSPF of 3.70 in 2023

Step 2: ISO CSPF of 6.09 in 2025

One Community for Sustainable Energy

Way Forwards: Extending Scope of AC MEPS in ASEAN





PopularACsinmanyASEANcountrieshavecapacitiesbetween 3.52 kW and 4.5 kW

Extending the scope to cover AC with capacities **up to 4.5 kW** by 2023 will ensure the regional MEPS covers the prevalent models in the region.

Source: ACE, 2021

ASEAN Cool Initiative (2023 – 2024)



Implementing Partner

ASEAN Centre for Energy One Community for Sustainable Energy

Project Lead



Other Technical Partners



Objective:

- To support the goals of ASEAN Plan of Action and Energy Cooperation (APAEC) Phase II (2021-2025)
- To accelerate the implementation of MEPS on air conditioners in the region through an update of the regional roadmap

Output Activities:

MEPS and Labels:

- Data collection on products in the market along with technical and cost-benefit analysis
- Regulations with MEPS aligned with the regional air conditioner MEPS and low-GWP refrigerants
- Stakeholder engagement and consultations
- Awareness raising with local SMEs (Small and Medium Enterprises), manufacturers, and assemblers

Regional Level Activities:

- Regional savings analysis
- Awareness and dissemination activities including 2 regional workshops



ACE Publications about Air Conditioners



(2022)



Roadmap Towards Sustainable and Energy-Efficient Space Cooling in ASEAN



The Roadmap towards Sustainable and Energy-Efficient Space Cooling in ASEAN focuses on the policy tools available to drive energy efficiency improvements for space cooling

https://aseanenergy.org/publications/roadmap-towardssustainable-and-energy-efficient-space-cooling-in-asean/

| (4 | |
|---|---|
| | |
| Promotion condition harmonisation and strengthen and enforcem | n of higher efficient air ers in ASEAN through n of standards (ISO 16358) ning of market verification eent capabilities (Phase I) |
| Recommenda ASEAN Region Energy Effic | ations for Updating the nal Policy Roadmap on ient Air Conditioners |
| | August 2021 |
| | Leading the Transition to Clean Every |
| | |

(2021)

Summarises findings from review of the current situations of AC Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS) and market profiles in ASEAN

https://aseanenergy.org/publications/recommenda tions-for-updating-the-asean-regional-policyroadmap-on-energy-efficient-air-conditioners/

(2021)



Overview of seasonal AC energyefficiency metrics and recommendations for adopting ISO standard 16358 in a harmonised way across the region

https://aseanenergy.org/publications/harmonizi ng-on-energy-efficiency-standards-for-room-airconditioners-in-southeast-asia/

Conclusion



- About 268 TWh could be saved across the region in 2040 by directly leapfrogging to MEPS Phase II levels (6.09 CSPF), resulting in 209 MtCO2e carbon abatement and up to \$32 billion in electricity bill savings for consumers in the ASEAN region.
- ACs are projected to be one of the largest energy consumers in the ASEAN residential sector, accounting for about 82% of the sector's demand by 2050 and are expected to reach 300 million AC units by 2040.
- Inverter AC units are typically 20-30% more efficient than non-inverter units and have gained a significant market share, accounting for over 50% of models in most ASEAN countries.
- Given this benefits, ACE will work to address this challenge towards adoption of higher MEPS level for AC in ASEAN, including:
 - Conduct detailed market assessments and various relevant analyses for each ASEAN country completed, to understand the techno-economic impacts of the proposed MEPS levels
 - Strengthening capacity of relevant institution and stallholder for energy efficient Air conditioner
 - Strengthening Regional Cooperation through digital platform and knowledge sharing among ASEAN members by establishing
 - Enabling private investment to support the adoption of higher efficient AC



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aseanenergy.org/publications



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ASEAN Centre for Energy

Thank You