Policy package to promote investment through "Pro-Growth Carbon Pricing"

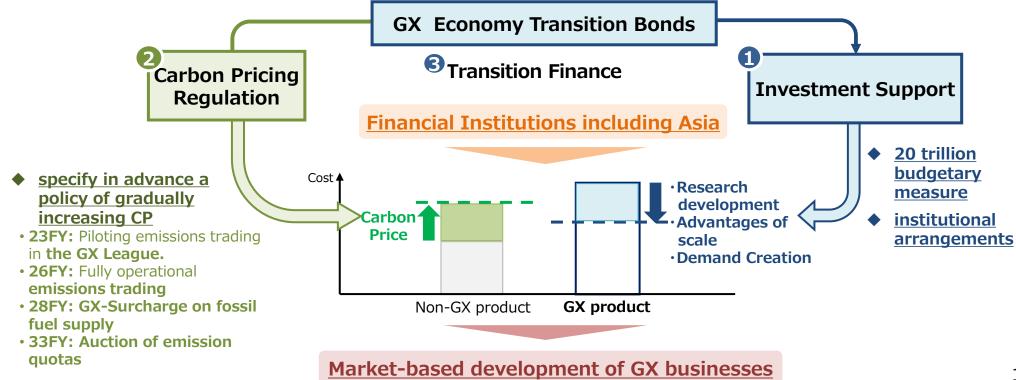
- Realise over 150 trillion yen of public-private GX investment over the next 10 years through the implementation of "Pro-Growth Carbon Pricing".
 - ① Government support for bold upfront investment by issuing new government bonds; 20 trillion JPY over the next 10 years
 - 2 <u>Introduction of carbon pricing</u>; <u>GX-Surcharge on fossil fuel supply</u> and <u>allowance auctioning</u> to power generation companies

Introduce CP after a period for companies to work on GX, and specify in advance a policy of gradually increasing CP.

⇒ A system whereby the earlier a company works on GX, the lighter the future burden will be, thereby drawing out GX investment from companies.

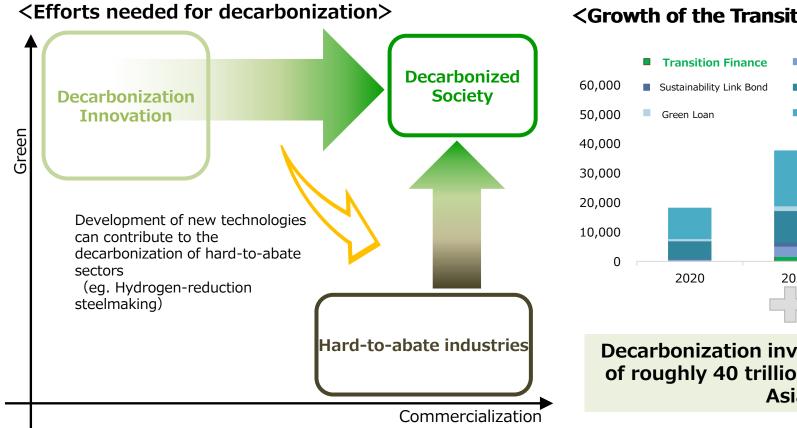
3 Use of new financial tools

Promote transition finance, including the issuance of 'GX Economy Transition Bonds' (also specified in the G7 communiqué). ⇒ Promote GX in Asia, which accounts for half of global emissions.

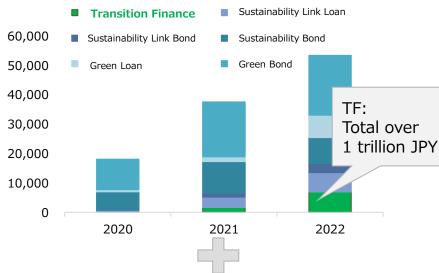


Transition Finance to Realize the Whole-of-Economy Decarbonization

- Realizing carbon neutrality requires <a>1energy saving, <a>2shift to renewable energy, and <a>3electrification. In addition, a portion of emissions from the industry cannot be reduced by electrification and will need new approaches (e.g. heat demand, steel reduction, etc.).
- In order to achieve decarbonization while simultaneously achieving economic growth and energy stability, A) developing innovative technologies with decarbonization potential and B) promoting the decarbonization of high-emitting sectors crucial to the economy is needed.
- Transition finance supports both efforts by providing financing for those with credible transition plans aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement.



<Growth of the Transition Finance Market>



Decarbonization investment potential of roughly 40 trillion USD by 2050 in Asia